SCHEMES OF THE POWERS. ENEMIES OF ENGLAND MUST MOVE QUICKLY NOW.

Bapid Collapse of the South African War Exted to Hasten a Crisis -France Attacked at Home and Aiming at Morocco-Russia at Home and Aiming at Morocco-Russia Under Suspicion in the Chinese Affair-Our Influence for Peace in the Far East. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

F London, June 2.—The uneasiness and appre-bension among those best informed in regard to the general international situation have increased during the past week. The rapid collapse of the war in South Africa tends in some degree to hasten the crisis.

Russia, which has been quietly taking advan tage of British difficulties to improve her position far and near in the East, now finds it pecessary to hasten the execution of any further plans she may have.

The enemies of the French Republic, who calculated that the British army would be occupled in South Africa at least until October, now find the situation radically altered. It must be admitted that France has suffered a serious loss in the retirement from the Ministry of War of grim old Gen. de Galliffet, whose physical feebleness was unable to withstand insolent attacks of his country's enemies The danger to the present Government is over for the moment, but the attacks are to be quickly resumed and there is reason to fear that they will soon take a more serious form then riotous scenes in the Chamber.

The fall of the present Ministry would be a calamity, but even its friends are unwilling to predict for it a much longer life. It contains men, Premier Waldeck-Rousseau and M. Delcassé, who will guard the country, both from waiters to the Republic and from those who seek to involve France in foreign compliions which would precipitate a war.

"There is reason to suspect for instance, that the Government withheld its cooperation in certain Russian schemes. The country would almost certainly have been committed if M. Meline or Hanotaux had been in power. M. Waldeck-Rousseau fortunately has the Senate almost solidly at his back, as to-day's passage of the Amnesty bill shows.

The attempt to revive the Dreyfus affair is a curious anomaly. The real agitators are the anti-Dreyfusites who, nevertheless, endeavor to make it appear that it is the other side which moving in the matter. Their object is simply to create a turmoil which they hope will culminate in violence and a military usurpation. Many look to the army manœuvres in August with the gravest apprehension.

Meantime Morocco may furnish a serious diversion. French designs toward that country are by no means clear. No power has yet summoned the courage to utter a warning note in the matter which occupies the anxious thought of nearly every chancellery. France may pick a quarrel on any one of half a dozen pretexts already to hand, and, except England, all interested parties are beginning to fear that the French flag may float over Morocco before any one has time to take a hand in the game.

The British policy is simple and understand able. If Great Britain can find one or two allies the French seizure of Morocco will be prevented even at the cost of a great war. If as seem more probable, England has to play the game alone, she will content herself with obtaining the independence or neutrality of the strip of country forming the southern littoral entrance to the Mediterranean. It is pretty well understood that France is prepared to give an under taking which will satisfy England in this

The idea that the question of the future of Morocco could be settled amicably by partition has receded into the background. France appears satisfied that no continental Power is prepared to fight for its share, and France is not going to give any one even a small slice unless

necessary.
The Sun's Rome correspondent telegraphs that the Moroccan Prince, Godlam, is expected to arrive there shortly upon a mission to the Italian Government. There is good reason to believe that Godlam has been charged by the Sultan to call the attention of the Powers to the French intrigues. The Prince is not likely to get much satisfaction. Italy is in no position to Italian interference least of all. But France may consider it worth while to purchase Italian acquiescence by giving concessions of some kind in Tripoli, upon which Italy has long cast covet-

The Chinese insurrection is regarded in diplo matic circles as directly connected with the general international situation, with, of course Russia as the chief object of suspicion. It is, therefore, expected that the Boxers' uprising will become more serious as the result of the collapse of the war in South Africa, which will oon free a large portion of the British Army. It is now, obviously, the present policy of the enemies of Great Britain everywhere to Intensify difficulties which may offer opportunities o profit at her expense during the brief time remaining before she will be able to use her military forces for other purposes. The strongest influences for peace are the present French Ministry and, in the Far East, the United States. Many would add the German Emperor, but he also has ambitions, and no one really knows yet whether they can be satisfied

## BRITISH GALLERY'S 2033.

The Painting of Lady Cockburn by Reynolds Taken Away by the Family.

Special Cab e Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, June 2.- The National Gallery has suffered a heavy loss. Twenty pictures, including one of the gems of the collection, have been removed from the walls. The gem is the painthe of Lady Cockburn and her children by Reynolds, one of the best preserved and most characteristic examples of his art. It is recorded that when the picture was brought to the Academy all the painters clapped their bands in salutation of its power, and the seal of the artist's own approval is found in his name inscribed at full length upon the hem of the lady's garment.

"I shall be handed down to posterity," remarked Sir Joshua to Lady Cockburn, "on the hem of your Ladyship's garment."

Since 1892 this glorious work has hung in Trafalgar Square. It was bequeathed to the lation, together with nineteen other portraits of the Cockburn and allied families, by Lady Hamilton, daughter of the late Sir James Cockburn. The other pictures were of little artistic value but the bequest was gladly received on account of the supreme merits of the Sir Joshua Reynolds paintings.

The family of Lady Hamfiton discovered last year that her interest in the pictures were rericted to her life and that she had no power to dispose of them by will. The trustees, after taking legal advice, did not resist the claim and e pictures have now been surrendered. The Sir Joshua has already been sold to a millionaire at a great price.

## TALIFET TRIBES ARMING.

altan of Morocco Urges Them to Keep Peace With the French Now.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Paris, June 2.—The Foreign Office has reeived advices that the Sultan of Morocco has entletters to the Talifet tribes urging them not to take up arms at present against the French, with whom he is negotiating in their interest. The Sultan really fears on his own ecount, as the tribes are arming.

The Foreign Office states that the uprising is not serious, and that a peaceful issue of the trouble is expected.

A despatch from Ragusa says the Russian Mediterranean squadron has arrived there and that the Admiral is on the way to visit the Prince of Montenegro.

The Anglo-American Chamber at Brussels. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. BRUSSELS, June 2.—At the annual election of Anglo-American Chamber of Commerce to-day John Hunter, an Englishman, was made President, and M. Peyser, an American,

ad J. de Knevett, an Englishman, Vice-Presi-

PRENCH AMNESTY BILL PASSED. Waldeck-Rousseau Wins Anothe

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Paris, June 2.—The Senate to-day passed the Amnesty bill. Prime Minister Waldeck-Rousseau made a long legal argument in defence of the Government's attitude in supporting the

Senator Trarieux, the former Minister of Justice, continued the masterly speech which he began yesterday. He attempted to demonstrate that the granting of amnesty under the present circumstances would simply be an outrage on justice.

Gen. Lambert followed Senator Trarieux. He produced a copy of a telegram dated Rennes and signed by a well-known name, in which it was stated that Roget, Pellieux. Gonse, Mercier and all the Headquarters Staff had been laid out.

M. Fallieries, the President of the Senate. stopped the further reading of the document by declaring that M. Joseph Reinach had written a letter to him in which it was stated that this telegram was another forgery. When this statement was made Gen. Lambert collapsed. After the rejection of an amendment by Senafor Millard, the bill was passed by a vote of

238 to 34. Premier Waldeck-Rousseau defended the attitude of the Government in regard to the Dreyfus case. Alluding to the speech of Gen. Mercier, the former Minister of War, M. Waldeck-Rousseau said it was unallowable under any circumstances that an accused person should be punished, even if it were thought that he were certainly guilty, without legal

proceedings. He explained the sentiments of the Government in proposing the Amnesty bill. He said the appearement would not be immediate or complete. But, he said, the Amnesty bill deprived the spirit of the agitation of its principal nourishment. He appealed for the Republicans to preserve the liberty of the country and put the question of confidence amid triple rounds of applause. By a vote of 178 to 41 it was resolved to placard the speech throughout country.

CAPTURE OF AFRICAN PIGMIES. Bishop Tucker Has a German Trader Arrested

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN

LONDON, June 2.-The well-known African, Bishop Tucker, writing from Uganda on March 23, gives a good example of how the aborigines learn to hate and fear the whites. During a long journey, the Bishop learned that a German trader was sending out an expedition to capture some pigmies of the Great Forest and exhibit them at the Paris Exposition. The Bishop was unable to interfere and returned to Uganda.

Subsequently he heard of a trader in rigmies in Mengo. He immediately organized an expedition and interviewed a Christian Uganda The head man of the German caravan learned of this, and when Bishop Tucker's expedition arrived in the forest, the Germans were there shead of them. The Germans beat their drums and after a while a few little people of shy appearance came out to partake of a feast which had been made for them. When they did so, seventeen of them were selzed by the German trader and the march to Mengo began. On the way nine of the pigmies escaped. They were pursued and recaptured by the Bishop, who took them as evidence to the British Commissioner, Sir Harry Johnson. The result was that the pigmies were released and sent home, while the German trader was arrested, and when the mail left he was awaiting trial. In writing of the affair, Bishop Tucker says he never heard of anything more like slave trading.

BOXERS KILL MORE FOREIGNERS. Attack a Party of Thirty Fleeing to Tien-Tsin-Rescue Expedition Sent Out.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. Tien-Tsin, June 1.—The British warship Centurion and the Italian cruiser Calabria have arrived here. German troops are expected here on Saturday and Japanese troops on Monday. The country is quiet.

The French Consulate has been informed that thirty foreigners, including six women. who were trying to make their escape to Tien-Tein on Thursday in boats from Paoting-Fu. were attacked by seven hundred Boxers, Four were killed and many wounded.

TIEN-TSIN, June 2.- The escaping party are now within ten miles of this place. An expedition is leaving here to meet the fugitives. PARIS, June 2.-The French Foreign Office has received despatches from Pekin stating that the troops of the various nations have arrived there and that the danger is over for

WASHINGTON, June 2.—A press despatch from Shanghai stating there are two American warships at Taku Fort, leads officials here to believe that the gunboat Princeton is there with the flagship Newark, under command of Rear Admiral Kempff. The Princeton is the only American war vessel in the Far East for which the Navy Department cannot account. She has not been heard from recently, and the department has sent a telegram to Rear Admiral Remey, commander-in-chief of the Aslatic Station, asking him where she is. Officially the Department knows only that the Newark is at Taku Fort. No additional advices as to the situation in Ichina have come from Minister situation in China have come f Conger or Rear Admiral Kempff.

MORE FILIPINOS SURRENDER.

Captain and Twenty-nine Men Give Up the Fight in Pampanga.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. MANILA, June 2.-Col. Liscum reports the recovery, through influence of the native residente of Tarlac, of thirty-one out of thirty-three Krag-Jorgensen rifles which were stolen from the Ninth Infantry last December. Yesterday there was a number of fires in the town of Candaba. It is estimated that the monetary loss will reach \$100,000. Gen. Lloyd Wheaton has recommended that the Government spend \$20,000 to relieve the people of the town who suffered by the fire.

An insurgent captain with twenty-nine of his men has surrendered to the Macabebes in the province of Pampanga. He also turned in twenty-six Mauser rifles.

MARCHAND MEETS GEN. ANDRE. Here of Fashoda and the New Minister of War at M. Deschanel's Reception.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Paris, June 2.- The reception of M. Dee chanel, the President of the Chamber of Deputies, was largely attended to-day by persons prominent in diplomatic, political, military and iterary circles.

Col. Marchand of Fashoda fame held a long conversation with Gen. André, the new Minister of War, and both men became the centre of general attention. Gen. André is a tall dried-up looking man with a keen eye and a resolute air.

COMMISSIONER PECK'S ANSWER. Denies the Charges of Extravagance Made by Senator Jones.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PARIS, June 2.-Ferdinand W. Peck, the American Commissioner-General to the Exposition, has sent out a reply to the charges of Senator Jones of Arkansas, made in the United States Senate in regard to alleged extrava gances on the part of the American authorities here. He says the statements made by the Senator are absolutely without foundation as an investigation will clearly show.

Paris Benefit for Ottawa Fire Sufferers. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

Paris, June 2.- The Thespians, an amateur dramatic society, gave a performance of the "Private Secretary" at the Athenée Comique to-night in aid of the sufferers by the Ottawa fire. Com-missioner-General Peck, M. Declassé, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, and a number of prominent Englishmen and Americans were present. Both the British and American Ambassadors to France-the Rt. Hon. Sir E. J. Monson and Gen. Horace Porterwere represented.

MILITIA TO QUELL STRIKE. PIRST REGIMENT OF ST. LOUIS OR-DERED TO REPORT FOR DUTY.

President Whitaker Willing to Reinstate 1.000 of the Old Employees - First Regiment Members Sworn In as Deputy Sheriffs-Increase in Cars Run-Cases of Violence.

St. Louis, June 2.—The attempt of the Citizens' Committee to effect a settlement of the street car strike by mediation has thus far failed. President Whitaker of the Transit Company consented to modify his position and agreed to restore to their old places 1,000 of the 3,500 striking employees. This was submitted to Gov. Stone, counsel for the strikers, and by him laid before the Grievance Committee, the members of which, after considering the latest proposition from the railway company, decided to take no action, and to keep Whitaker's offer from the mass meeting to be held later. This to all intents and purposes rejects the overture. Gov. Stephens to-night countermanded the request of the Police Board to the First Regiment that it act with the posse comitatus, and ordered Col. Sinclair to notify every member of the regiment to report for duty at the armory

at 9 o'clock to-morrow, morning. The posse comitatus thus far sworn in, some 700, was distributed to-day in points of vantage, from 100 to 150 men being placed at each power house, according to its size and importance, and 100 at each police station near to the seat of war. It was the intention at first to

Importance, and 100 at each ponce states have to the seat of war. It was the intention at first to place the members of the posse on the cars as guards, but Sheriff Pohlman finally decided otherwise so that they could be quickly concentrated at any point of attack.

Gov. Stephens was in the city all day and was in conference with the Police Department this afternoon. He also conferred with Edward Whitaker, President of the Trausit Company, but the subjects discussed were not disclosed. The Governor said to-day that if the present posse comitatus was not sufficiently large to quell any disturbances that might arise, it would be doubled if necessary. Failing to preserve peace by means of the posse, the militia would be ordered out.

More cars than ever were run to-day and all operated on fairly good schedule time. The north and south lines are still tied up, not a car naving been run over the Broadway cable line as yet. At 6:30 P.M. the last car left downtown, and no attempt will be made to give night service until absolute security is guaranteed to passengers and train crews. The Transit Company has not yet decided whether it will endeavor to operate additional lines on Sunday, but probably not, the Lindell division, Oilve street, Laclede and Park avenues alone being kept open.

Mrs. Herbert Hughes and Mrs. Ida Gerber of

street, Laclede and Park avenues alone being kept open.

Mrs. Herbert Hughes and Mrs. Ida Gerber of 5314 old Manchester avenue, were beaten brutally to-day for having ridden in a Transit car, the former being attacked by a mob of men and women when she alighted from a Southern Electric car on Broadway, knocked down and almost entirely divested of her clothing, while the latter met with a similar experience at Twelfth street and Geyer avenue. Both finally obtained refuse in houses in the neighborhood, where each had to stand a siege until the police came to their rescue.

More than one hundred conductors and motormen arrived at the Union Station over the Chicago and Alton to-day. They were recruited in Michigan and came to take the place of strikers.

William Sulivan, aged 18, was shot by Policeman Melntyre to-day, the bullet striking him in the chest. His wound is serious. Sullivan was endeavoring to cut a trolley wire at Eightenth and Olive streets and when the policeman commanded him to surrender, he tried to run away.

man commanded him to surrender, he tried to run away.

Wire cutters were bulsy all of last night. On the Beliefountaine line forty men, engaged in this work of vandalism, were attacked and dispersed by police, several arrests being made. On Twenty-first street and Franklin avenue, being unable to haul down the wire the cutters fastened to it fron bed springs, a gasoline stove, several chicken coops, empty barrels, a wash boiler and dozens of tin cans.

"MOTHER" JONES STOPS A STAMPEDE. Begged West Virginia Miners to Continue Their

Strike and They Yielded. CUMBERLAND, Md., June 2.- The advent of "Mother" Jones into the Georges Creek mining region saved the day for the organization and prevented the strike from being called off this afternoon. The miners at New Central, Maryland, American and Georges Creek companies were to meet at Lonaconing at 2 o'clock to call the strike off, but when that hour arrived not one miner reported. They had all gone to a mass meeting being had all gone to a mass meeting being addressed by Mrs. Jones. When at the head of 500 striking miners, she marched through the rection on last Thursday, winding up by delivering an eloquent appeal for them to hold out, she set the miners wild, and even the miners' wives and daughters, who had been pleading for the men to return to work, were won over to her side.

Last night she addressed 1,500 miners and 500 women, the latter a rollauding her to the

Last high she addressed 1,500 miners and 500 women, the latter applauding her to the echo. This afternoon she talked to 4,000 miners for more than an hour, nearly every woman in the region turning out. Before she went into the region on last Thursday it was estimated 70 per cent. of the miners wanted to return to work. Now they are all determined to hold out.

A coal operator said to-night that Mother Jones had won the day, and that now the strike would last all summer. She will organize the women before leaving the region.

Iron Moulders Agree to Eschew Strikes.

foundrymen and the Iron Moulders' Conwhich wages will be \$3 a day for bench moulders and \$2.75 for floor moulders, for a year, dating from May 1, 1900. It is also agreed that in greer to avoid strikes yearly conferences will be held between representatives of the foundrymen and the Iron Moulders. Conference Board to fix wages and the principle of arbitration will be recognized in settling all disputes. ference Board of New York and vicinity by

Lehigh Valley Trackmen's Strike Over. WILKES-BARRE. Pa., June 2. - The Lehigh Valley Railroad officials announced the ending of the strike among the section men to-day. At 3 o'clock all of the strikers were reported at work and the brief and unsuccessful strike ended. While nearly every other branch of the service is "unionized" the strike of trackmen is one of the first of its kind in railroad history. They have no organization and could not stand the loss of many days' pay.

Strike of Mount Vernon Carpenters Declared Off. The strike of the carpenters in Mount Ver-

non, which has been in progress since April 1 for \$3.25 a day, an eight-hour workday and Saturday half-holidays, has been settled by ar-bitration. Committees from the Master Build-ers' Association and the carpenters' unions met last week, and an arrangement was reached by which the strike was declared off. Some of the demands of the strikers were not insisted on.

NEW YORK TALKS TO ST. PAUL. A Transaction Involving About \$600,000 Effected by Telephone.

A business transaction, involving about \$600,000, was effected yesterday by means of the long-distance telephone between New York and St. Paul. A firm which has offices in lower Broadway received word from their agents in St. Paul of an impending demand agents in St. Paul of an impending demand for a very large quantity of their goods in the West. They immediately called up the central telephone office and asked for St. Paul.

When the connection was finally made the induction on the wire rendered it impossible for either speaker to understand the other, but a New York operator was able to make himself uncertood by a St. Paul operator, and thus the message got through. Through these skilled telephone talkers also an answer was received and the transaction was accomplished. Nearly an hour was occupied and a heavy expense incurred. pense incurred.

Consul Linscott at Contzacoalcos Has the Yellow Fever.

AUSTIN, Tex., June 2 .- A despatch from Vera Cruz, Mexico, says that yellow fever has become epidemic at several places in southern Mexico. A number of new cases and several deaths on the Isthmus of Tehuantepec are re-ported. United States Consul Linscott at Coatzacoalcos is critically ill with the malady.

Rare Bibles for the Brooklyn Y. M. C. A. Washington W. Seeley, a son of the Rev. Amos W. Seeley, has given to the library of the Young Men's Christian Association in Brooklyn a col-lection of ten rare and valuable Bibles, the oldest of which is a Latin version, printed in Basle, Switzerland, in 1491. The Bibles have been placed in a case in the reference depart-ment set apart for the use of the teachers and students.

Blind Boy Killed by a Fall. Six-year-old Joseph Quinlan, who was almost

entirely blind, fell yesterday from a window of his father's home, 446 West Thirty-ninth street, and was killed.

THE GIRLS AND BOYS WILL PLIRT. School Authorities of Chicago to Remove th West Division High School.

ing the West Division High School persist in flirting with the students of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, the parents of the girls have protested so vigorously that the School Board has decided to sell the building and erec a new High School in some other place For a long time the instructors of each school have complained that was subordinated to flirtation The High School is at Congress street and Ogden avenue, just around the corner from the College of Physicians and Surgeons and the Rush

of Physicians and Surgeons and the Rush Medical College is within easy flirting distance. The girls strolled past the college doors, which always have their little cluster of "Medics" loaded down with ponderous volumes. They met their neighboring students at the lunch stands, and they came to know one another very well—too well, the school authorities said. Graham H. Harris. President of the School Board, said:

"We have had a great deal of trouble on account of the proximity of the school to the College of Physicians and Surgeons and the Rush Medical College. We have been desirous of getting the publis away from the neighborhood. Too much flirting and too little study have been the result. Both the High School girls and the college boys are at a romantic age, and while they are so near together there will be more or less communication between them. We have decided to sell the building to the College of Physicians and Surgeons, which is desirous of buying, and put up a new High School building where flirting cannot be carried on so easily."

NO POOR FOLKS IN THE COUNTY Only One Indigent Man in Wichita County.

Kan. -Gets a Salary to Care for Himself. TOPERA, Kan., June 2.-State Labor Comioner Johnson has discovered a condition in a Kansas county which he says exists nowhere else in the United States. Wichita county is the only county in the State which has no one dependent upon the county for support. The county has no poor farm and there is only one man in the county who needs an occasional "lift" from the public. The county officials have hit upon a novel scheme by which the county is relieved from appearing in the class of counties which sustain paupers. The one man who is in occasional distress has been made supervisor of the poor at an annual salary of \$104. This man has no official duties except to look after himself. The money which the county pays to him as a salary is in reality that which is paid for his maintenance. The appointment as supervisor of the poor prevents the individual from making systematic calls upon the county commissioners for money and other necessities.

This is the only county in Kansas where such a practice is followed. Commissioner Johnson says he is in correspondence with officials in every State in the Union and that no such condition as exist in Wichita county exists throughout the country. in a Kansas county which he says exists no-

OBITUARY.

Clarence Chatham Cook, for many years well known in connection with art criticism. died yesterday at Fishkill Landing. He was born in Dorcehster, Mass., in 1828, was graduated at Harvard in 1849 and for a time studied architecture at Newburgh in the office of his brother-in-law. A. J. Downing, and with Calvert Vaux. For several years he was a teacher and in 1833 he became known as an art critio by the publication of a series of articles in the Tribune based upon the picture exhibition at the New York Sanitary Fair of that year. The independent manner in which he treated his subject attracted attention and he continued to write on American art for the Tribune at intervals until 1869, when he went to Paris as the paper's correspondent. He retained the post until the beginning of the Franco-Prussian war, going then to Italy for some time. When he returned to this country he became attached again to the Tribune staff and aroused some commotion among the people interested in art matters by attacking the genuineness of parts of the Cesnoia collection. His attacks led to lawsuits and to considerable bitterness in various quarters. Mr. Cook published "The House Beautiful" and a book on Central Park, and furnished the text to accompany a reproduction of Durer's "Life of the Virgin" and notes to a translation of Lukbe's "History of Art." born in Dorcehster, Mass., in 1828, was gradu-

Art."

Edward Smith, a builder, died at his home, 158 West Eighty-eighth street on Thursday night. Mr. Smith was 65 years old. He was born in Westchester county and was educated in the public schools. In addition to his building business he became widely known as an appraiser and adjuster for fire insurance companies. Mayor Grace appointed him a member of the Board of Fire Commissioners and he served during the years 1884-5 along with Richard Croker and Henry D. Purroy. He had a country place at Sayville and another at West Farms. He was a member of the National Builders' and Tradesmen's Society, a trustee of the Mechanics' Library and a member of the Board of Governors of the St. Vincent de Paul Society. His wife, three sons and three daughters survive him.

John Meyer died yesterday in his fiftieth year

and three daughters survive him.

John Meyer died yesterday in his fiftieth year at his home, 555 Bedford avenue, Williamsburg. He was a son of the late Cord Meyer, a rich Williamsburg sugar refiner, and was associated with his brothers. Cord Meyer and Christian M. Meyer, in the real estate business at 62 William street. He was the principal promoter in the development of Elmhurst, a new suburban home centre near Newtown. L. I. About two weeks ago he accidentally out the index finger of his right hand, and the injury developed into blood poisoning. Eminent specialists were unable to stay the progress of the disease. He belonged to the Democratic Club the Merchants Club, the Atlantic and American Yacht clubs and the Hanover Club of Brooklyn. He is survived by a widow and nine children.

He is survived by a widow and nine children.

Samuel Edmund Wheatley, a former Commissioner of the District of Columbia, died vesterday morning at Moreland, his country home, near Bethesda, Md, He was stricken with paralysis two weeks ago and sank gradually until the end. President Cleveland in 1888 appointed him a member of the Board of District Commissioners. Mr. Wheatley was a member of the vestry of Christ Episcopal Church, Georgetown; a director in the Firemen's Insurance Company, and a trustee in the Linthicum Institute.

Dr. Joseph Davis Osborne of Newark died

in the Linthicum Institute.

Dr. Joseph Davis Osborne of Newark died yesterday afternoon at the age of 67 years. He was born in Morris county, N. J., and his father was the Rev. Enos Osborne, Dr. Osborne was educated in Newark and West Poultney, N. Y., and was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in this city, subsequently studying under Dr. Abram Coles of Newark. He was a surgeon in the Fourth New Jersey Volunteers during the Civil War. He is survived by a widow and two daughters.

The news comes from Caracas, Venezuela. He is survived by a widow and two daughters.

The news comes from Caracas, Venezuela, of the death of Senora Peraza de Bolet at the age of 95 years. Senora de Bolet was the widow of Dr. Nicanor Bolet, one of South America's foremost physicians, and mother of Gen. N. Bolet Peraza, Confidential Agent of Venezuela in this country. Gen. Bolet Peraza has received many messages of condolence from Venezuelan officials, including President Castro and the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Andueza Palacio.

The Rev. Edward Edmunds, the senior cler-The Rev. Edward Edmunds, the senior cler-gyman in Boston, died yesterday, aged 85 years. Sixty-seven of those years he spent in the min-istry and fifty-six of them in Boston. Mr. Edmunds was born at Sennett, N. Y., and began preaching at the age of 18. He had occupied Baptist pulpits at Providence, New Bedford, Southportsmouth, and was pastor of the Chris-tian Church of Boston for many years.

Henry Sayles Francis, a well-known Boston wool broker and a member of the firm of Nich-ols, Dupee & Co., died suddenly on Friday at Bar Harber, Me. He was 43 years old. Paraly-sis caused his death.

KILLED HIS STEPMOTHER.

CHARLES NAULTY OF NEWARK PUTS TWO BULLETS IN A WOMAN'S HEAD. CHICAGO, June 2.-Because the girls attend-He and His Brother Had Quarrelled With Her

and Had Been Sent Away From Home -- Murderer Says She Sneored at His Dead Mother-Crime Done at the Supper Table Charles A. Naulty, 21 years old, or 53 Chambers street, Newark, murdered his stepmother, Mary Naulty, in the kitchen of their home at 6 o'clock last night The crime was deliberately conceived and carried out. Mrs. Naulty died instantly, snot through the brain with two bullets from a revolver. The murderer stole up behind her as she was seated at the supper table with her husband, young Naulty's father. Advancing to within a few inches of her back, he placed the muzzle of the weapon behind ne right ear and fired. As she pitched forward Naulty seized her by the neck, and, bending over her, fired a second shot, which penetrated the left cheek under the eye. When the murderet relinquished his grasp she fell lifeless to the

The crime was accomplished so quickly that the elder Naulty did not have time to inter vene. When he did jump up his son held the revolver at him and said: "I'm going to fix you. You are the cause of all this." The father got hold of the weapon and a fierce struggle ended in his securing it. After the tragedy young Naulty went to the Third precinct police station and surrendered himself.

According to the story gathered by the police there had been trouble in the Naulty family since the death of the first Mrs. Naulty in December, 1898. The two sons, Thomas and Charles, would not accept the housekeepers their father engaged. Naulty married the victim of yesterday's tragedy in December last. A vicient hatred sprung up between the sons and the stepmother from the first. Nothing she did seemed to satisfy them. Three months ago an open rupture occurred and the elder Naulty drove both sons from their home. father got hold of the weapon and a

home. Charles returned and the quarrels were re-

Charles returned and the quarrels were renewed. He fought yesterday about the coffee. Then he left home, went to a Market street pawnbroker and bought a revolver. In a stationer's nearby he bought a box of cartridges. Thus armed, he returned home late in the afternoon.

Another quarrel occurred. The appearance of the father quieted things down, and Mrs. Naulty prepared supper. Charles went to a neighboring saloon for a pint of beer, which he placed on the supper table. Then he retired to his room adjoining the kitchen, procured the revolver, which he had previously secreted, and the tragedy followed.

The murderer says his step-mother goaded him by making slighting remarks concerning his dead mother. Neighbors say that the elder Naulty has property and that his sons feared he would transfer it to his wife and shut them out. The murdered woman was 30 years old. Before her marriage to Naulty she was Mary Garrity.

QUAY READY TO RETIRE.

Through With Politics. PHILADELPHIA, June 2.-It was said to-day by one who is in a position to know that former Senator Quay will not be a candidate for reelection before the next Legislature of Pennsylvania. He will withdraw, and the announcement that he is out of the fight will be made in a short time, and will come in the shape of a letter defining his reasons for retiring. Among these, it was said, will be that he does not care longer to participate in a struggle which has already deprived Pennsylvania of having her full representation in the higher house of the National Legislature, and also that he is weary of strife and wishes to enjoy the remaining years of his life in peace without being affected by the turmoil of politics.

The story of a disagreement last week between Quay, Durham and others of his Philadelphia lieutenants, although denied by all directly interested, were nevertheless true. And it was Quay's statement that he would not again consent to be a candidate in addition to the row about the factional fight for spoils that is going on in the city that precipitated the quarrel. Quay, it is said, wanted to get out of the fight a year ago, but Durham and his friends saw in Quay's withdrawal the end dither dominion and they persuaded him to remain in the field. Their arguments have ceased now to be potent and he will insist upon getting out of the harness. he does not care longer to participate in a strug-

OPPOSE COMMITTEEMAN NORMILE. Fight Between the Bryan and Hill Factions

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., June 2.-The struggle over the Democratic State Committeeman fo this district will precipitate the fight between the Hill and the Bryan factions at the coming State Convention. S. C. Normile, the present State Convention. S. C. Normile, the present State Committeeman, will be opposed by the adherents of Charles A. O'Brien, a rabid Bryan man, and O'Brien's supporters will make an appeal on the floor of the convention to the Bryan men that in the interests of Bryan in the southern tier a change will be necessary in the State Committee. They have been making a quiet canvass of the delegations and claim to have enough to carry their point. If this is true the next State Committee will be strongly anti-Hill. On the other hand, S. C. Nomile is very strong, and his deposition would mean a radical change in five counties that many of the leaders deem unwise at the present time.

No Break in Atlanta Strike.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 2.-Contractors, builders nd planing mill managers are standing firm to-day in their refusal to accede to the demands of the carpenters and joiners. On the other hand, the carpenters are being joined hourly by men who did not belong to the union before the strike. At noon to-day the total number of men out on the strike was 985. There are about twelve hundred carpen-ters and joiners in Atlanta.

Westchester Democrats for Bryan.

YOWERS, June 2.- The Democratic Conven tion of the First Westobester Assembly district was held in this city to-day. State, Senate distriot and Congress district delegates were chosen. The State delegates are Mayor Edwin N. Fiske of Mount Vernon and Michael J. Walsh and I. J. Beaudrias of Yonkers. Mayor Fiske offered a resolution indorsing William J. Bryan for President. It was adopted unanimously.

Boy's Body in the River.

The body of eight-year-old William Boland of 321 East Thirty-seventh street was found yester day morning in the East River at the foot of Thirty-seventh street. The boy had been miss-ing from home for the past seven weeks. He was playing with some companions on the pier at the foot of Thirty-seventh street when he missed his footing and fell overboard.

No New Trial for Mrs. Gazzam. PHILADELPHIA, June 2.—The Court of Comnon Pleas to-day refused the petition for a new trial of Mrs. Anna R. Gazzam, who was re-cently declared guilty of having allenated the affections of Charlton Reading from his wife, Elizabeth R. Reading. Mrs. Reading got a verdict of \$25,000.

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TO-MORROW, JUNE 4th, AT UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES.

> 1,500 yards Tamboured Sash Muslins, 19c. Yard.

2,300 yards of Cretonnes, 14c. 8 19c. yard. 1,000 Pairs Muslin Ruffled Figured Curtains,

150 Pairs Grenadine Striped Curtains, 98c. 8 \$1.90 Patr.

150 Pairs Denim Portières, braided on both sides, \$3.90 Pair.

500 Woven Hammocks, \$1.10

Damascus Tabourettes. Hand Carved and Inlaid with Pearl, **\$3.25.** \$4.50.

Bulgarian Embroidered Scarfs, \$1.50

Pillows, 24 inch, Down filled, Bragga covered and lace trimmed, \$2.90

Pillows, uncovered, filled with Fir Balsam, 25c.

TABLE LINENS AND SUMMER BED COVERINGS.

Table Cloths, 2x2 yards,

Also Irish Linen Hand Embroidered Doylies, Center Pleces, Dresser Scarfs and Tray Clothe.

Dinner Napkins, \$2.50 Dosen.

Summer Blankets to all stores from \$2.75 to \$9.00 Pain Cambric Comfortables (Summer weight), large stee, \$1.25 each.

## LADIES' HOUSE GOWNS.

Negligee Gowns of Japanese Wash Silk, lace and ribbon trimmed, \$10.85

Tea Gowns of Figured Foulard Silk, trimmed with insertings of lace, \$22.50

Tea Gowns of Colored India Silk, Pink, Lavender, Blue or White, \$17.50

Negligee Gowns of Embroidered Swiss Muslin. All White and White and Black, lace trimmed, \$12.50

Bath Robes of Turkish Toweling, made in Paris, \$2.65

House Golons of Dotted French Dimity, \$5.85

Elabteenth Street, Dineteenth Street and Sixth Avenue.

THEY ACCUSE RATHBONE.

CHARGES IN THE CONFESSIONS OF CUBAN POSTAL OFFICIALS. Beeves and Rich Say He Got Money From

Neely and Paid Off Mortgages on Property in This Country-Bristow to Investigate -Bathbone Examined by a Havana Judge. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

HAVANA, June 2.-Ex-Director of Posts Rathbone made no attempt to leave Cuba to-day. If he really intended to make any such effort he must have realized its folly, for he was summoned by the Judge of the cathedral district, who has jurisdiction in the Neely case, to appear before him at 4 o'clock this afternoon to give his testimony. That is the hour at which the Ward Line steamers sail. Besides this, Mr. Rathbone had received a strong intimation that if he attempted to leave the city he would be arrested.

It has been hinted from time to time that Reeves, the former auditor, and Rich, a clerk, who have confessed what they know of the postal frauds, made direct charges against Mr. Rathbone. To-day La Lucha prints the charges that in their sworn confessions made two weeks ago both men said that Rathbone had certainly received from \$10,000 to \$12,000 from Neely. That without his (Rathbone's) complicity the frauds could not have been perpetrated. According to the testimony of Reeves and Rich Mr. Rathbone used the money to raise mortgages on property in the United States. La Lucha asks that this statement be investigated at once. It wants to know if self-convicted thieves shall be allowed to sully the name of a chief of department by making statements which they cannot substantiate.

All these matters will certainly be investigated by Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Bristow. So soon as he can spare the agents he will send two to the United States o work along the lines suggested by the confessions of Reeves and Rich.

At 4 o'clock this afternoon Mr. Rathbone was examined by the Judge behind closed loors as to what he knew concerning Neely's operations. This is the first time that Mr. Rathbone has been called upon to make a statement under oath. What he said is not known.

however, as secrecy in regard to the proceed

ings was enjoined by the Court. It is call fair to say that he was not called to be examined in regard to any charges against himself. Reeves was released to-day on \$1,500 bell which was deposited in cash. Senor Carlos de Zaldo has declined the Re-

publican nomination for Mayor. This leaves only two candidates in the field, Gen. Rod-rigues, Nationalist, and Senor Estrada Mora, Independent. The campign is now on in

Six-Year-Old Girl Killed.

Six-year-old Kunigunde Frauenhofer, whose parents live at 177 Scholes street, Williamsburg. was killed by an ice wagon yesterday afternoon at Humboldt and Stage streets. The wagon belonged to Gustav Breutsch of 480 Rodney belonged to Gustav Breutsch of 480 Rodney street. The girl with others was playing on the sidewalk. A boy pursued her and she ran toward the curbstone just as Breutsch was driving off. The girl slipped and fell behind the horse nearest the curb, and before Breutsch could stop his team a front wheel pressed against the child's head and crushed it. The child died twenty minutes later in St. Catherine's Hospital. Breutsch was locked up in the Stagg street police station. Stags street police station.

The Kearsarge in Dry Dock.

The big battleship Kearsarge was floated into dry dock No. 3 at the Navy Yard in Brooklyn yesterday morning. The weight of the vessel as she swung around with the tide snapped the hawsers leading from the tug Nina. She will be scraped and painted preparatory to going to Newport, where she is to join the North Atlan-tic squadron.

One Item

just to show that much of our well made Furniture is marked at popular

The "Madeira," a large Easy Arm Chair of hand wo-ven willow, \$7.50.

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